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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/598,355	05/12/2008	Lawrence Solomon	ABT-054	2979
31673 7590 09/13/2011 TED W. WHITLOCK REGISTERED PATENT ATTORNEY, P.A.			EXAMINER	
5323 SW 38TH AVENUE FT. LAUDERDALE, FL 33314		VU, JAKE MINH		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/13/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/598 355 SOLOMON ET AL

	10/000,000	l Cocomort Er 7te.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	JAKE VU	1618					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/ Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 is alre SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. I NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply with the set or extended period for reply with 1, y statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 A	ugust 2011.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This							
3) An election was made by the applicant in response	☐ An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on						
; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.							
4) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
5) Claim(s) 53-65,67-71 and 76-80 is/are pending	in the application.						
5a) Of the above claim(s) 54-60,62-65,69-71,7	8 and 79 is/are withdrawn from co	onsideration.					
6) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
7) Claim(s) 53,61,67,68,76,77 and 80 is/are reject	ted.						
8) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
10) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to by the f	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.						
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.					
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate	٠,				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) I Notice of informar P	atent Application					

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Thotice of informat Patent Application	_
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/12/11.	6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Receipt is acknowledged of Applicant's Restriction Requirement Response and Information Disclosure Statement filed on 08/12/2011; and Request for Continued Examination and Amendment filed on 08/31/2010.

- Claims 53-65, 67-71, 76-80 are pending in the instant application.
- Claims 54-60, 62-65, 69-71, 78-79 are withdrawn from further consideration.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 08/30/2010 has been entered.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct

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from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 53-71 and 76-80 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over Application No. 10/598,344 in view of Lieberman (Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms - tablets, 1990) and Ullman et al (U.S. Patent number 4,215,104, Patent issued Jul. 29, 1980) are withdrawn in view the Terminal Disclaimer in re 10/598,344 filed on 08/31/2010.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly

claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 53, 61, 67-68, 76-77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph.

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as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject

matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Independent claim 53 recite the first segment has the drug and the second

segment has no drugs, wherein the second segment "forming and outer segment" and

"providing a breaking segment for breaking through said second segment

without...breakage of the first segment. The Examiner finds the out segment for the

inactive drug segment to be unclear, since it would not divide the dosage in half if it's on

the outside. The Examiner believes the second segment should be on the inside.

Please clarify and point to the figure/drawing that Applicant is describing.

The phrase in independent claim 53 recite "a score greater than 50% through the

maximum height of one of said first $\underline{\text{or}}$ second segments" is confusing, since the

"breaking segment" is on the second segment already. The Examiner assumes the

score is on the breaking segment, but this phrase encompasses a score on the first and

second segment. Please clarify and point to the figure/drawing that Applicant is

describing.

Claim 76 and 77 describe a capsule. It's unclear, because these claims describe

the compressed composition with a score is required to be in a capsule. Please clarify.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.

Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 53-71 and 76-80 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Lieberman (Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms - tablets, 1990) in view of

Ullman et al (U.S. Patent number 4,215,104, Patent issued Jul. 29, 1980 are

withdrawn.

However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made as

discussed below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Fateritability shall not be negatived by the mainer in which the invention was made.

Claim 80 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over HESS et

al (CH 648754; machine translation provided by Applicant) in view of UROXATRAL

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(https://members.kaiserpermanente.org/kpweb/drugency/drugdetails.do?drugID=45233 4&name=Uroxatral+10+mo+24+hr+Tab&index=true).

Applicant's claims are directed to a composition comprising of: a first segment containing drug (A); and an inner second segment containing free of drugs (I), wherein the tablet structure is A-I-A.

FUJITSU teaches a composition comprised of three layers: a first layer comprising a drug, such as ibuprofen, which reads on the first segment containing drug (A); a second layer containing inactive ingredients between the first and second layer, which reads on free of drug and would read on an inner second segment containing no drugs (I); and a third layer containing a drug, such as isopropylantipyrine, which reads on the first segment containing drug and would have a tablet structure of A-I-A.

The references do not specifically the height greater than the width as claimed by Applicant. The shape of a composition is clearly a result effective parameter that a person of ordinary skill in the art would routinely optimize. Optimization of parameters is a routine practice that would be obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ and reasonably would expect success. It would have been customary for an artisan of ordinary skill to determine the optimal high of each layer in order to best achieve the desired results, such as trade design of the tablet (see picture of UROXATRAL with a three-layer tablet). Thus, absent some demonstration of unexpected results from the claimed parameters, this optimization of tablet height would have been obvious at the time of Applicant's invention.

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Telephonic Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAKE VU whose telephone number is (571)272-8148. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Tue and Thu-Fri 8:30AM-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Hartley can be reached on (571) 272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jake M. Vu/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1618